Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2335.] PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 20, 1800. [VOLUME XVII.

The price of this Gazette is EIGHT DOLLARS per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

*** *No Subscription will be received for a shorter term than six months.*

December 1 1799.

GRASS SEEDS.

Red Clover.
White do.
Timothy.
Saint Foin.
Trefoil.
Burnett. } SEEDS.
Lucern.
Herd Grass.
Orchard do.
Rye do.
Rape and Hemp.

ALSO,

SHEET COPPER, IRONMONGERY, and PATENT PLOUGHS, which are said to be more durable than any heretofore invented, and found on experience to diminish the labour both of man and beast—

FOR SALE
By THOMAS HOWARD,
No. 40 South Second Street, Philadelphia.
February 13. th&f8w.

PRATT & KINTZING,

No 95, North Water-street,
HAVE ON HAND THE FOLLOWING
GOODS,

ENTITLED to drawback, which they offer for sale at moderate prices for cash, or the usual credit; or on a credit of 12 or 18 months upon Mortgages on Real Property, in or near the City of Philadelphia, or other satisfactory security.

50 boxes and bales Ticklenburghs
60 do. do. Hempen linens.
50 do. do. Oznabrigs.
50 do. Patterbornes.
25 do. Bielfield Linens.
11 do. Creas and Creas a la Morlaix.
Brown Rolls.
Do. Hessians.
Polish Rolls.
Bed Ticks.
Siamois.
Arabias.
Empty Bags.
Oil Cloths.
Shoes and Slippers.
Soal and upper Leather.
Quills and Sealing Wax.
A package Gold and Silver Watches.
A few chests Toys.
Slates and Pencils.
70 hhds. Havanna Molasses
13 pipes old Port Wine.
25 boxes Tumblers assorted.
200 boxes Hamburgh Window Glass 8 by 10, &c.
1 chest assorted Looking Glasses.
Several large elegant do.
1500 Demijohns.
50 kegs Pearl Barley.
A few tons Roll Brimstone.
20 kegs Yellow Ochre.
A few hhds. Rosin.
40 tons Russia Hemp.
80 hhds. Hogs Bristles.
2 hhds. Dutch Glue
20 casks Nails assorted from 2d. to 20d.
16 casks Ironmongery
8 casks Hoes.
German Steel.
6 hhds. Coffee mills.
Blocking Twine, Tapes, Stone Pickling Pots &c &c.

February 15 tutu&f

TO BE SOLD,

THREE or four lots of about 30 or 40 acres each, more or less as may suit a purchaser. On each of which there is a good situation for a house—viz. one on the river Delaware, suitable either for a gentleman's seat, or for a person who might wish to engage in the lumber business having a good landing. One commanding a good view of the river from the highest ground between the Pennypack and Pogueffin crecks; and another on the Bristol Road. Enquire of Mr. Gilpin near the 11 mile stone on the said road.

ALSO
FOUR LOTS,

Of about 10 acres each with good situations for building; one of which is suitable for a tan-yard, and has a small stone house and a young bearing orchard on it, on the Newtown road near Snider's mill about 10 miles from Philadelphia, and one other lot of about 30 acres on the Pennypack.—Enquire of Jonathan Clik who lives on the premises or of Mr. Gilpin.

Possession will be given in the spring, but building materials may be collected sooner.

November 8 2awtf.

Taxes of Lycoming County.

JOHN KIDD, Treasurer,

BY Direction of the *Commissioners* of Lycoming county, attends at Philadelphia to receive the Taxes assessed upon unseated Lands in that County, from the holders thereof, in this City. Those who have filed with the Commissioners, statements of their Lands, are requested to call upon him, to know the amount of Taxes thereon, and pay them; otherwise, before his leaving the City, they will be put into the hands of the Sheriff for collection, agreeably to the act for raising county rates and levies Those who have not filed statements of their lands with the Commissioners, and are desirous of having it done, to prevent sales without previous personal Notice, may file with the above Treasurer, their lists, stating the quantities returned, number and dates of the warrants and names of the warrantees, under which they hold their lands. He will attend at Mr. Joseph Hardy's No. 98, Market street for this purpose until the 18th instant.

November 9.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from Spring Forge, in York County, a negro man, named *ISAAC*, otherwise *CUDJO*, about 21 years old, the property of Robert Coleman, Esq. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a blemish in his eyes, more white in them than common, by trade a Ferge man; had on and took with him a drab coloured broad cloth coat, almost new, a sailors jacket and pantaloons printed fancy cord, a swansdown striped under acket; a rorum hat; one fine and one coarse shirt one muslin handkerchief, sprigged, two ditto striped border, a blue Persian under jacket and two pair cotton stockings. Whoever takes up said negro and lodges him in any jail in this or any of the neigabouring states shall have the above reward or reasonable expences if brought home.

JOHN BRIEN.

Spring Forge, October 23, 1799.

N. B. As said negro formerly lived in Chester county, it is probable he may return there.

November 5

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of THOMAS WILSON, late of Southwark, deceased, are are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers, and those who have any demands against the said estate are requested to furnish their accounts for settlement.

SARAH WILSON, *Administratrix.*
JOEL W. WILSON, *Administrator.*
No. 295, south Front street, Southwark.

WHO HAS TO LET,
A BRICK STABLE,
Sufficiently large to contain nine Horses.
ALSO,
For Sale or to Let,
A New FRAME CARRIAGE HOUSE.
Nov 1, 1799. dtf.

LANCASTER STAGES.

THE Proprietors of the Philadelphia and Lancaster line of Stages DISPATCH, return their grateful thanks to their friends and the public in general, for the past favors they have received, and inform them that in addition to the regular Line, they are provided with Carriages, sober and careful drivers, to go through between the City and Borough in two days. Those who prefer this mode of travelling can be accommodated at the Stage Office, sign of United States Eagle, Market street, Philadelphia.

Slough, Downing, Dunwoody & Co.
Nov. 30. ¶ 2t—§

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

THE POSSESSORS

OF OBLIGATIONS or CERTIFICATES signed by the subscriber, for undivided Shares or Lots on his purchase within the city of Washington, who have not yet applied for and received their Deeds, are hereby notified, that their several Titles will be duly completed to the order of those who in conformity with the terms of the said Certificates, do make the Payments in full therefor, either to *Thomas M'Kean & Co.* or to the Subscriber at Philadelphia, on or at any time before the 31st day of May next.

Samuel Blodget.

December 17

BOONETON IRON WORKS.

TO BE SOLD,
OR LEASED FOR ONE YEAR—THAT
Valuable Estate,

KNOWN by the name of the Booneton Iron Works, situate in the county of Morris in the state of New-Jersey, consisting of a Forge with four fires, a Rolling and Slitting Mill, a Grist mill with two Run of stones, and Saw mill, all in good order and now in use, together with an excellent, large, and convenient house, with out-houses of every kind; among which are an Ice house, and stone mill house, with a remarkable fine spring in it, a large Garden, and an excellent collection of Fruit, a large Orchard, and 2500 acres of wood, pasture and arable land, and a great number of stores and workmen's houses. Immediate possession will be given of houses and stores sufficient for providing stock the present winter, and possession of the whole in the spring.

For terms enquire of David B Ogden at Newark, mr Peter Mackie in New-York, mr. David Ford in Morris Town, or messrs. Jacob and Richard Paesch on the premises.

January 11

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice that the Subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Cecil county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Samuel Gilpin, late of the county aforesaid, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 14th day of August next—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 27th of January, one thousand eight hundred.

JOHN GILPIN, *Administrator.*
January 30. taw6w.

THE UNDERSIGNED,

HIS Swedish Majesty's Consul General, and authorized to transact the Consular Business, for his Majesty the King of Denmark in the United States of America, residing at Philadelphia,

Hereby gives public Notice,

That in obedience to recent instructions received from his government, it is the duty of all Masters of Swedish and Danish vessels, before their sailing from any port in the said States, to call upon him or the Vice Consul in order to be granted such Certificates for their Cargoes, which the exigency of the state of the Neutral Commerce and the several Decrees of the Belligerent Powers, render indispensably necessary, and, that any Master of vessels belonging to the respective nations, or navigating under the protection of their flags, in omitting to take such certificates, will personally stand responsible for the consequences.

RICHARD SODERSTROM.
Philadelphia, 18th December, 1799.

Thirty Dollars Reward,

DESERTED

FROM the Marine Barracks on the night of the 14th inst—JOHN OSBORN, born in the town of Bedford, West Chester county and state of New-York, aged 22 years, 9 months, 5 feet 8 and a quarter inches high, grey eyes (long qued) light hair, ruddy complexion, pock marked, by trade a Shoemaker. Enlisted by Lieutenant Reynolds in Stephen's Town, near Albany the 25th of June last. Had on and took with him a short round blue cloth coat with a red cape, a blue cloth coatee, a few white waistcoats, a long grey mixed cloth coat and breeches, a pair of boots, a chocolate coloured great coat trimmed with black hair plush, a furr hat half worn, and two silver watches, one a middle size, the other small. He may impose himself on some family or gentleman as a waiter, as he has acted in that capacity—Whoever apprehends said Deserter, and secures him in jail, sends him to Headquarters, or delivers him to any of the Marine officers, or any officer of the army of the United States shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges.

J. S. LEWIS,
Adjutant Marine Corps.
January 16.

AUTHENTIC LIFE OF SUWOROW.

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND
FOR SALE,
AT THIS OFFICE,
A SKETCH OF THE
Life and Character
OF
PRINCE ALEXANDER SUWOROW RYMNIKSKI,
Field-Marshal General in the service of His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of all the Russias,
WITH
The History of his Campaigns.

Translated from the German of Frederick Authing.

To which is added,
A concise and comprehensive History of
His Italian Campaign.
By William Cobbett.
With an elegant Print-Portrait of that renowned Warrior.

[Price 2 1-2 Dollars.]

Portrait of Marshal Suworow.

Gentlemen desirous of possessing a capital likeness, executed in the first style, of this illustrious Christian Chieftain, may be furnished with particular proof impressions, at this office, price one Dollar.

February 12.

TO THE PATRONAGE OF
A liberal and enlightened Community
IS SUBMITTED
THE PROSPECTUS
OF
A New Daily Paper,
TO BE PUBLISHED UNDER THE TITLE OF
THE OBSERVER,
AND
Daily Repository of useful Information.

IT will doubtless be deemed a hazardous undertaking to present to the public eye proposals for a new Gazette, when so many are already in possession of the public patronage.

News-papers so much more generally diffused throughout America than perhaps any other portion of the globe, may become either engines of mischief or the implements of usefulness—they disseminate good, or scatter poison, among thousands; and although it may be presumptuous in the Editor of that now proposed to expect that its utility will be great, yet he may be admitted to declare, that it shall not willingly be made the means of doing evil

His endeavors will be applied to render *The Observer* in some degree conducive to the attainment of knowledge as well as to the communication of news—to enlighten the understanding—to improve the morals—to beget, or to confirm, a reverence for the sacred principles of Christianity.

For this purpose it is intended—
To furnish the most recent foreign and domestic intelligence;
To give useful Prices Current at home and abroad, and other commercial information;
To select from literary productions such portions as may gratify taste and induce improvement;
To unfold and enforce sound and just views of government:
To aid the great interests of piety and morality.
To present occasionally—
Improvements in the arts and sciences—in agriculture and domestic economy;
Proceedings of the General and State Legislatures;
Reports of the Heads of Departments, and of interesting cases adjudged in the several courts of the United States, &c.
Reviews of foreign and domestic literature;
Anecdotes and characters of distinguished personages;
Statistical tables;
Meteorological observations;
Appointments;
Marriages, Births, Deaths.

With these proposals the subscriber diffidently submits himself to the public. He is well aware of the importance and magnitude of the undertaking. Solicitous for the fate of his native land, and viewing with anxious fears and hopes the success of a government created by the joint exertions of wisdom and virtue, and conducted with sound policy and genuine patriotism, he feels himself sincerely interested in promoting such measures and principles as he believes essential to public happiness and national prosperity.

CONDITIONS.

I. *The Observer* shall be printed with a neat type, and on paper of equal size and quality with the present Philadelphia daily papers.

II. It shall be published every evening, and regularly sent to the houses of the city subscribers—To others it will be forwarded according to their respective instructions.

III. The price will be *Eight Dollars* per annum to those who reside in the city—and *Nine Dollars* to all others. The additional dollar is to defray the expence of enclosing and directing their papers

IV. One half of the price to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the other half at the expiration of twelve months from the publication of the first number. The succeeding payments to be half yearly.

V. Advertisements that do not exceed in length the breadth of the column will be 67 cents for the first, and 33 cents for every additional insertion. Those of greater length will be charged in the same proportion.

ZACHARIAH POULSON, jun.
March 8, 1800. smwf

TO BE LET,
THE LOT,

AT the north-east corner of Arch and Ninth streets, now occupied by Mr. Benjamin Busby, as a Board Yard. Enquire at No. 218, Arch street.

March 17. 3taw.tf.

Removal of Medicines.

THOMAS CLAYTON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has remov'd the whole Stock in trade of the late firm of J. J. MALCOM & co. druggist's to sign of Fothergills Golden Head, No. 97 South Second Street, directly opposite to the City Tavern, where the business in all its branches will be conducted as heretofore in conjunction with WILLIAM LEHMAN, under the firm of WILLIAM LEHMAN & Co.

March 6. dtf.

A MISTAKE.

AS Mr. Thomas Clayton, in his advertisement above, has indirectly asserted that I have declined business, I feel it my duty to inform *my* friends and the public, that I continue the Drug and Apothecary Business, as usual, at the *old stand*, sign of Fothergill's golden head; No. 26, south Second street, a little below opposite Black Horse Alley, where may be had, constantly, every article in the line. JOHN J. MALCOM.

MEDICINE CHESTS,
For shipping, with plain approved directions, put up at an hour's notice.

March 7.

QUESTIONS

To Merchants, Store keepers, and Tradesmen in general, &c.

1st, PRAY Gentlemen, is a perfect standard of discount, or interest, calculated on every dollar (without exception) from 1 to 2000, from one day to sixty-four days inclusive, of any value, whether used as a standard, or as a check upon the enquirers' own calculations

2d Is it of any importance to know the best methods of computing the exchanges, between this country and the principal maritime trading place in Russia, Sweden, Denmark, Norway, Prussia, Poland, Germany, Holland, Flanders, Spain, Portugal, Italy, in several of the Windward and Leeward West India Islands, and many ports in the East Indies?

3d Is a table of all the coins and monies of account in the places aforesaid, of any use?

4th Are the coins and monies of account in the aforesaid places, when reduced to dollars and cents, of any service?

5th Is a table of compound interest of any utility?

6th Is the table by which the banks determine the value of gold, desirable?

7th Is the amount of Interest, accurately calculated for each month from one to twelve months, and on every dollar (without exception) from 1 to 2000, of any value?

8th Is a table of all the post towns in the United States, and rates of postage therewith, of any use?

9th Will not all these together make a book, as generally useful and convenient as ever entered a counting house or store?

10th Will not the whole, when comprised in a quarto volume of from 200 to 225 pages, be worth two dollars?

And lastly, Is the person, who at the expence of FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS undertakes to perform *upwards of one hundred and sixty thousand calculations of Interest*, and of giving all the preceding information to the public *in the most complete manner*, deserving of your Encouragement and Support?

If the answer is in the affirmative, you are individually and respectfully invited to subscribe in one of the specimen books, exhibited at the City Tavern, Hardy's Hotel, Francis's Hotel, the Indian Queen, Dunwoody's Tavern, the Franklin Head, and at the George.

It is proper to state, that the work will not be executed unless *fifteen hundred subscribers* are obtained? for four thousand dollars is too much to hazard.

NOTHING IS TO BE PAID IN ADVANCE, neither will it be expected of subscribers to take the work when published, if it is not delivered rigorously conformable to my agreements with the public, expressed in the conditions affixed to the specimen books, each of which consists of six detached pages of the work.

I am, with respect,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
JOHN ROWLETT,
Accomptant, Bank of North America.

POSTSCRIPT.

The work is dedicated, by permission, to the President and Directors of the Bank of North America, and has already received the patronage of JOHN ADAMS, President of the United States; of THOMAS JEFFERSON, Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate; of a large number of Senators and Members of the House of Representatives of the United States; and of the Presidents and Directors of the different Banks unanimously. *The Specimen Book in the Bank of North America, is filling very fast with subscriptions*, some for 2 copies, some for 3 copies, and some for 5 copies, *and I take this opportunity of gratefully acknowledging all favours.*

‡*‡ Gentlemen having business at either of the Banks may subscribe there as well as at the Taverns, &c. already mentioned.

Copy-right secured according to act of Congress, March 10. da&eotf

NOTICE.

THOMAS HAWTHORN,
Of the City of Philadelphia, MERCHANT,
HAVING

ON the 9th day of Aug. 1799, assigned all his Estate, real, personal and mixed, to JOHN M. NESBITT and JONATHAN MEREDITH, —All persons indebted to the said Thomas Hawthorn or to the late house of Hawthorn and Kerr, are desired to pay their respective balances to

JONATHAN MEREDITH
Acting Assignee.
February 21. 3taw6w

NEW LINE OF STAGES
To New York,

By the shortest and most pleasant road—passing through Frankford, Bustleton, Newtown, Pennington, Millstone, Boundbrook, Union Camp, Scotch Plains, Springfield and Newark.

THE SWIFTSURE

STARTS from the Green Tree, No. 50 North Fourth Street, at 8 o'clock every morning, and arrives at New York early the next evening.

From New York it starts at 9 o'clock every day (Sundays excepted) and arrives at Philadelphia, early the next evening.

Fare for passengers 5 dollars, way passengers 6 cents per mile. Each passenger allowed 14lb of baggage. One hundred and fifty weight of baggage to pay the fame as a passenger.

All baggage to be at the risk of the owner, unless insured and receipted for by the clerks of the different offices. Rate of insurance one per cent.

*** Apply to JOHN M'CALLA, No. 50 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, and to WILLIAM VANDERVOORT, No. 48 Courtland Street, N. E. corner of Greenwich Street, New York.

January 3. eodtf

This Day Published,
By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chesnut Street,
(Price 25 Cents)
THE
Death of General Washington.
A POEM.

In imitation of the manner of Ossian.
By Rev. JOHN B. LINN, A.M.
Minister of the First Presbyterian Congregation of Philadelphia.

☞ Mr. Chaudron's Oration will be published on Monday morning.

March 15. d.

GLASS MANUFACTORY.

THE PROPRIETORS
Of the Pittsburgh Glass Works,

HAVING procured a sufficient number of the most approved European Glass Manufacturers, and having on hand a large stock of the best Materials, on which their workmen are now employed, have the pleasure of assuring the public, that window glass of a superior quality and of any size, from 7 by 9, to 18 by 24 inches, carefully packed in boxes containing 100 feet each, may be had at the shortest notice. Glass of larger sizes for other purposes, may also be had, such as for pictures, coach glasses, clock faces, &c. Bottles of all kinds and of any quantity may also be had, together with pocket flasks, pickling jars, apothecary's shop furniture, or other hollow ware—the whole at least 25 per cent. lower than articles of the same quality brought from any of the sea ports of the United States. A liberal allowance will be made on sale of large quantities. Orders from merchants and others will be punctually attended to on application to JAMES O'HARA or ISAAC CRAIG, or at the Store of Messrs PRATHER and SMILIE, in Market-Street, Pittsburgh.

March 4, tuthtf.

To be Bartered,
FOR EUROPEAN, OR EAST INDIA
DRY GOODS,
A handsome Three Story
BRICK HOUSE & KITCHEN,
Of modern construction and well built

WITH the best materials, situated in a very pleasant and healthy part of the town at a moderate distance from the centre of the city. Enquire at the Office of the Gazette of the United States.

March 16. m&w tf.

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Chesnut, near Sixth street, directly opposite CONGRESS HALL.

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Chesnut street and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame house, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge subject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous situation of this property requires no comments, for it must be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaser. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,
No. 198, Chesnut st. next door to the premises.
march 5 tu.th 5wtf

DESERTED,

FROM the United States Frigate Philadelphia, DAVID DEVINE, by trade a Shoemaker, born in Ireland, 23 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, light complexion and hair—also,

WATSON LUDLOW, by trade a Shoemaker, born in New-Jersey, 33 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, dark hair and complexion. Whoever will take up said Deserters and deliver them on board the said frigate, shall receive ten dollars reward for each, and reasonable charges.

March 12. 3tawtf.

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howchel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no costs or charges will be paid.

N. B. She had 2 years and some months to serve.

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.
Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.
august 6 3awtf

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, December 27.

The armiſtice upon the Rhine is at an end. The Archduke, refuſed to acced to it and notified his refuſal on the 8th to the French commandant at Manheim. The French, who were inferior in force, immediately made diſpoſitions to retreat, and evacuated by capitulation Manheim and Neckerau, of which the Auſtrians immediately took poſſeſſion. In order to divide and divert the attention and forces of the Archduke, General Lecourbe means immediately to enter Sutbia from the ſide of Switzerland.

Suwarow's army continuing its march, had arrived at Ratiſbon, where, on the 11th, he received diſpatches from Peterſburgh, in conſequence of which the troops were ordered to halt.

December 28.

We received this morning the Paris papers to the twenty-ſixth inſtant, three days later than thoſe which arrived yeſterday.

The Conſuls and the legiſlative commiſſioners, continuing to adopt meaſures for giving immediate activity to the Conſtitution, are publiſhed the names of the Conſervative Senators, the Tribunate and the Council of State. A report has alſo been preſented to the Commiſſion of Five Hundred, propoſing that the Conſervative Senate and the Conſuls ſhould enter upon their functions on the 25th inſt. and that as ſoon as the Senate had completed the nomination of the members of the Tribunate and the legiſlative body, which was to be completed on the 26th, the Conſuls of Antients and of Five Hundred and the legiſlative Commiſſions ſhould be diſſolved.

This propoſition together with ſome other regulations reſpecting the new Government, were immediately adopted. The laſt ſittings of the Councils were on the 25th when the Conſuls and the Senate were inſtalled. The unfortunate perſons who were ſo unjuſtly ſentenced to tranſportation after the revolution of the 18th Fructidor, have at length engaged the attention of the legiſlature whoſe laſt act almoſt has been upon the ſuggeſtion of the miniſter of Police and the Conſuls to paſs a decree, in virtue of which, the unhappy ſufferers who were tranſported to Guiana, and other places, will, in all probability, be permitted immediately to return to their country.

The Conſtitution is very generally accepted and the votes of rejection are but few.

On the Rhine the two armies remain tranquil.—The cauſe of the Archdukes refuſal to conſent to the armiſtice, ſeems to have been, becauſe it was only a partial one. The Paris papers contain an important addreſs from the Archduke reſpecting the revolution in Paris, which ſhall be given in our next. We ſtill expect that a ſuſpenſion of arms, extended from the Rhine to Switzerland and Italy will take place.

In Italy the Auſtrians proceed in their career of victory. Coni is ſaid to have ſurreudered by capitulation on the 3d inſt. The garriſon, conſiſting of 300 men, are priſoners of war. In conſequence of this event, the French will probably, unleſs they are very ſtrongly reinforced, be obliged to fall back upon Nice.

An article from Nice, of the 15th, ſays the head quarters were expected there. Moreau has ſet out to take the command of the army of the Danube. Maſſena was to leave Paris in a few days to put himſelf at the head of the army of Italy.

The Chouans have not undertaken any operation of deciſive importance againſt Republicaniſm. According to a letter from Angers of the 21ſt, they ſent on the preceding evening three deputies, it is ſaid, to enter into a definitive treaty.

Extract of a Letter from Falmouth, dated December 22.

"Sailed this day for Ireland, his Majeſty's ſhips Boadicea and Anſon, having on board money, ſuppoſed to be for the payment of his Majeſty's troops in that kingdom, or more probably intended for the accommodation of the merchants of that country."

PARIS, Dec. 16.

COMMITTEE OF FIVE HUNDRED.

Sitting of the 15th December.

Boulay (de la Meurthe) preſented, in the name of a ſelection of the conſtitution, a plan which the committee adopted.

The firſt article of it imports, that there ſhall be opened in every commune of the republic regiſters of acceptation and of non-acceptation.

The citizens are called upon to ſign, or cauſe to be ſigned, their votes on the conſtitution which is preſented to them. The interval allowed for voting in each department is fifteen days from the day of the date of the receipt of the conſtitutional act by the central adminiſtration. There are three days allowed for every commune.

The commiſſion on the report of Ludot, organ of the ſection of legiſlation, decreed that the law of the 29th Nivoſe of the year 6, relative to privateering, is abrogated.

The commiſſion, after having heard the ſame reported, adopted the following reſolution:

"The diſpoſition of the treaty concluded between Buonaparte and the Knights of Malta is ratified, by which the French knights, who were in the iſland of Malta at the time of its reduction, are conſidered as not having emigrated from France—Such of the knights whoſe perſonal eſtates have not been ſold as national property, ſhall be reinſtated in their effects. If they have been alienated, they ſhall only be entitled to an indemnity as fixed in ordinary caſes. The preſent diſpoſition comprehends only the knights who were included in the above treaty."

December 14.

A meſſage from the Conſuls demanded the paſſing of a law which ſhould order the publication of the conſtitution agreed upon yeſterday by the Legiſlative and Conſular Commiſſions.

Boulay La Meurthe, in the name of the ſection of the conſtitution, propoſed the following reſolution, which was agreed to.

The Commiſſion of the Council of Five Hundred, conſidering that the Conſtitution which is to eſtabliſh a definitive and invariable order of things ought to be without delay preſented for the acceptance of the citizens:

That the moſt popular and ſuitible mode of acceptance is that which anſwers moſt eaſily and ſpeedily the wants and juſt impatience of the nation:

Declares, that there is urgency.

The commiſſion, after having declared urgency, adopted the following reſolutions:

Art. 1. There ſhall be opened in each commune a book for acceptance and non acceptance—the citizens are invited to inſcribe it, or to chuſe to be inſcribed, their vote upon the conſtitution.

2. The regiſters ſhall be opened at the Secretiate of all the adminiſtrations, at the offices of the tribunal, the offices of the communal agents, juſtices of the peace, and notaries. The citizens have a right to chuſe at will between theſe different depots.

3. The delay for voting in each department is a fortnight from the date of the arrival of the conſtitution at the central adminiſtration, it is a delay of three days for each commune from the date of the arrival of the conſtitutional act at the chief place of the canton.

4. The conſuls of the republic are charged with regulating and putting in activity the forming, opening, term, cloſing and ſending of the regiſters.

5. The conſuls are alſo charged with proclaiming the reſult.

December 21.

The commiſſion received the following meſſage from the conſuls:

The conſuls of the French republic act conformably to the unanimouſly manifeſted will of the two legiſlative commiſſions, by propoſing to you to decree to citizen Sieyes a ſignal proof of the national gratitude.

The citizen who, after having enlightened the people by his writings, and done honor to the revolution by his diſintereſted virtues, refuſed at firſt the chief magiſtracy and accepted it afterwards only from a ſenſe of the dangers by which it was ſurrounded, is aſſuredly worthy of the diſtinction which you will decree to him, and a refuſal of which will not be permitted to him when the organ of the law ſhall have ſpoken.

The conſuls of the republic in order to adhere to your decree, and in conformity with the law of the 19th Brumaire, ſubmit to you the formal and neceſſary propoſition to decree to citizen Sieyes, by way of national recompence, the property of one of the domains which are at the diſpoſal of the ſtate.

The conſuls of the republic,

BUONAPARTE,
(Signed) ROGER DUCOS,
H. B. MARET, Sec. Gen.

The meſſage was referred to the ſection of France.

Arnaud, of the Seine, ſoon after made a report upon the meſſage, and propoſed the following reſolution, which was agreed to.

The commiſſion, conſidering that it is of importance to the ſtability of every political inſtitution to afford ſignal proof of gratitude to citizens who have rendered great ſervices to the country reſolve as follows:

The national domain of Croſne, in the department of the Seine and Oiſe, or any other equivalent in value, is decreed in full and entire property to Citizen Sieyes, as a national recompence.

December 17.

The armiſtice on the Rhine is officially publiſhed the very moment that we hear of its having been broken. The Chouans alſo continue to violate the armiſtice.

Moreau had given in his reſignation after ſome warm words with the Miniſter of war; but a reconciliation having taken place, the General will immediately take the command of his army.

December 18.

The news from the Cotes de Nord ſtate, that the Chouans are organizing themſelves more and more—18,000 are in the departments of the weſt—they have in ten days received 56 waggons of ammunition.

December 20.

Buonaparte has been ſlightly indiſpoſed—after long want of ſleep, labour, and fatigue almoſt even beyond the ſtrength of man, he always drinks coffee in great quantities.

The Conſtitution has been unanimouſly accepted this day by the invalids of the National Hotel.

It is reported that Cardinal Maury is elected Pope, the two principal negociators at Campo Formio, Count Cobentzel and the Marquis de Gallo, are recalled from Peterſburgh.

The Subscriber

TAKES this method of once more informing the Public, that the partnerſhip of Moſes Chapline and Robert M'Clure, which was entered into for the purpoſe of retailing Goods in the town of Weſt Liberty and Commonwealth of Virginia, on the tenth day of Auguſt, 1790, expired on the tenth day of Auguſt 1793, agreeable to the term ſtipulated in their article of copartnerſhip:

MOSES CHAPLINE.

February 21. 1aw6w.

Law of the United States.

By Authority.

Sixth Congreſs of the United States.

At the Firſt Seſſion, begun and held at the City of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennſylvania, on Monday, the ſecod of December, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-nine.

AN ACT,

Declaring the aſſent of Congreſs to certain acts of the ſtates of Maryland and Georgia.

SEC. 1. BE *it enacted by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States of America, in Congreſs aſſembled,* That the conſent be, and hereby is granted to the operation of an act of the General Aſſembly of the State of Maryland, paſſed on the twenty-ſixth day of December, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act empowering the wardens of the Port of Baltimore to levy and collect the duty therein mentioned," and alſo to ſo much of an act of the ſtate of Georgia, paſſed February the tenth, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, entitled, "An Act for regulating the trade, laying duties on all goods, wares, liquors, merchandiſe and negroes imported into this ſtate; and alſo an impoſt on the tonnage of ſhipping and for other purpoſes therein mentioned," as authorizes a duty of three pence per ton on all ſhipping entering the Port of Savannah, to be ſet apart as a fund for clearing the river Savannah.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That this act ſhall be, and continue in force until the 3d day of March 1808 and no longer.

THEODORE SEDGWICK.
Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,
THOMAS JEFFERSON,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Approved, March 17, 1800.

JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

To Merchants.

MERCHANTS Accounts elegantly opened, Books neatly and correctly poſted, with various other kinds of writing, by a perſon thoroughly acquainted with accounts.

Gentlemen extenſively concerned, may find it to their intereſt to put buſineſs in this line into his hands, as the fulleſt confidence may be repoſed in him and ample ſatisfaction given.

Addreſs a line to B. A. and leave it with the printer hereof.

Philadelphia, March 19. 3tawtf

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE,

Two very valuable Farms,

SITUATED

IN the townſhip of Springfield, and county of Burlington, containing about two hundred acres each. The Woodland and Meadow, of which there is a ſufficient quantity, is not inferior to any in the State.

To attract the notice of perſons reſiding within the county of Burlington, deſirous of purchaſing good land, 'tis only neceſſary to mention that theſe farms are parts of that excellent tract of 1200 acres lately owned by Samuel Bullus.

The terms of ſale will be made convenient to the purchaſer and may be known by applying to the ſubſcribers. Thoſe who may wiſh to view the land, will pleaſe to call on William or Iſrael Skinn, the preſent occupants.

SAMUEL HOUGH,
JOSEPH McILWAINE,
Attornies in fact for John Bullus and Ruth Bullus.

Burlington, New Jerſey,
March 12, 1800. d1m

United States, Pennſylvania District. } ſs.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, iſſued out of the circuit court of the United States, in and for the Pennſylvania Diſtrict, of the middle circuit, will be ſold by public vendue at the city tavern, in Second ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia on Saturday the 5th day of April next, at 7 o'clock in the evening, all that certain tract or parcel of land, ſituate, lying and being on the river or creek called Lackawaxen, in the county of Wayne, containing 8000 acres and upwards; on which are erected a meſſuage, ſtables and ſawmill, with the appurtenances.—The names of the original warrantees of the ſaid tract or parcel of land were as follows.

Mordecai Roberts,	*John Till,*
Stophel Medera,	*George Warton,*
Zachariah Ferris,	*Benjamin Hancock,*
George Till,	*Edward Welsted,*
Thomas Wiggins,	*James Thompson,*
George Morton,	*Joſeph Whitehead,*
George Streeton,	*Patrick Connolly,*
Friend Streeton,	*Thomas Griffy,* } *
John Oliphant,	*William Halbert.* } *

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Robert Lettis Hooper, deceaſed.

JOHN HALL, *Marſhal.*

N. B. A reaſonable credit will be given.

Marſhal's Office,
Philadelphia, March 17. cot5A

* *Theſe two tracts do not contain the full quantity of the original warrants; part of them having been conveyed away.*

WILLIAM COBBETT

TAKES this method of apprizing thoſe perſons who left books with him (in the philanthropic city of Philadelphia) to be ſold on commiſſion, that the part of their property which remained unſold on the 20th of December laſt, was attached, in the hands of Mr. John Morgan, at the ſuit of one *Ruſh,* treaſurer of the Mint, and inventor of the famous mercurial purging powders. And he further informs the owners of the ſaid property, ſo attached by the ſaid treaſurer of the Mint, that, unleſs they, or their repreſentatives, come forward and replevy the ſaid property, on or before the return of the ſame is made to the Supreme Court of Pennſylvania, the ſaid property will be liable to be ſold for the benefit of the ſaid *Ruſh,* in part payment of the famous 5000 dollars, lately awarded to the ſaid treaſurer and powder inventor, by a Philadelphian jury.—And, that the parties concerned may not be at a loſs to know what they ought to claim, a liſt of their names and alſo of the ſeveral articles attached as aforeſaid, is hereunto ſubjoined; to wit:

1. WILLIAM SMITH, ESQ. *American Ambaſſador at the Court of Portugal,* is informed that eight copies of his work on the American Conſtitutions, are in jeopardy, as above mentioned; and alſo a large bundle of his defection of Jefferſon, *and his defence of the character and conduct of John Adams!*—When Mr. Smith was taking ſo much pains in making this defence, he little imagined that its circulation was to be put a ſtop to by an attachment on the part of a man appointed to a fat office by Mr. Adams!

2. *A perſon whom I have forgotten* is requeſted to replevy a dozen or two of copperplate heads of *John Adams!*—Theſe are very valuable. They will, in a few years time, be regarded as precious as the hairs of Julius Cæſar. I much wiſh, therefore, that the treaſurer of the Mint may not yet have an opportunity of expoſing them for ſale among the profane vulgar.

3. SAMUEL HARRISON SMITH is told to replevy, or to let it alone, juſt which he pleaſes, 38 magazines, ſent for him and received by me, from Meſſrs. Pritchard and Davidſon of Richmond, Virginia.—Theſe if ſold for their *real worth,* would fetch about a penny a ſcore.

4. ROBERT FIELD is told to replevy 35 caricatures of Talleyrand & Co. coloured.

5. Some one whom I have forgotten will pleaſe to claim 13 Sermons to the Jews.

6. Mr. Campbell (the author) will claim 8 Soldier's Companion.

7. Poor Mrs. Pepper will pleaſe to claim 16 copies of her huſband's poems.

8. Mr. Uſtick will claim 12 Age of Credulity.

9. Mr. Ormrod will claim 2 vols. of Bache's Infernal Gazette.

10. Some one whom I have forgotten will claim a volume of Oſwald's paper.

11. Some one whom I have forgotten will claim 11 copies of appeal to matter of fact and Common Senſe.

12. Mr. Henfrey will pleaſe to claim 13 copies of a plan for working mines.

13. The author will claim 20 copies of the Houſe of Wiſdom in a buſtle; or the ſpitting in Congreſs, a Poem.

14. The author will claim 11 eſſays on the Yellow Fever in Baltimore.

15. Monſieur La Grange will claim 3 vols. d'un Journal Durant un ſejour en France.

16. Any body that pleaſes may claim a bundle of the addreſs of the Virginia Minority about Alien and Sedition Bills.

17. Robert Goodloe Harper may claim, if he likes, two or three books ſent to him, thro' me, from a gentleman in London.

18. Thomas B. Janſon of New-York will claim a bundle of Poems.

19. Mrs. Charleton will pleaſe to claim 10 copies of thoughts on the 2 witneſſes.

20. Mr. James Humphreys will claim a bundle of the Coal Black Maid, Secret Tribunal, and Burke's letter to the Duke of Bedford.

21. The author will claim 22 copies of Gurney's Brachmgraphy improved—6 do. bound.

22. The publiſher will claim 4 politicians, a a tragi-comi-republico-farce.

23. The author, Mr. Trumbull, will claim a bundle of his viſit to Philadelphia Priſon; but, if the Treaſurer of the Mint ſhould happen to ſell them, Mr. T. may eaſily ſupply the loſs by reading the much truer and more entertaining viſit of Patrick Lyon.

March 19. d.

Juſt Arrived,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

THE CARGO

OF THE SHIP PHILADELPHIA,
Theodore Bliſs, Commander, from Bengal.
CONSISTING OF
An aſſortment of Piece Goods.
Sugars of the firſt quality,
And 200 qr. cheſts of ſuperior quality Hyſon Teas.

Willings & Francis, and
Thomas & John Clifford.

March 17 d.

UNITED STATES, *Pennſylvania District.* } ſs.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, iſſued out of the Diſtrict Court of the United States, in and for the Pennſylvania Diſtrict, will be ſold by public vendue, at the City tavern, in Second ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, on Friday the 4th day of April next, at ſix o'clock in the afternoon, 1 undivided third part of two certain Meſſuage and Lots of Ground ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Walnut ſtreet, in ſaid city, beginning at the corner of John Wall's lot and extending ſouthwardly 79 feet 6 inches to ground of Miers Fiſher, Eſq. thence weſtwardly 54 feet to a corner, thence ſouthwardly 22 feet 6 inches or thereabout to ground of David H. Conyngham, thence weſtwardly 46 feet to an alley, thence acroſs ſaid alley 55 feet to a corner, thence eaſtwardly 46 feet, thence northwardly to Walnut ſtreet 47 feet, thence eaſtwardly on the ſaid ſtreet 54 feet, to the place of beginning, ſubject to a rent, charge of thirty five pounds per annum, with the uſe and privilege of the ſaid alley, running into Dock ſtreet; all thoſe City Lots marked in the general Plan No. 1537, 1738, 1539, 1540, 1541, on the weſt ſide of Third ſtreet from Schuylkill, between Locuſt and Walnut ſtreets; 1537, containing in breath ſixty feet and in depth 247 feet 6 inches; the others being contiguous, contain in breadth 250 feet and in depth 247 feet 6 inches; all thoſe City Lots numbered 1393, 1394, 1395, 1396, 1397 and 1398, on the north ſide of Walnut ſtreet between Fifth and Sixth ſtreets, from Schuylkill being each of them 66 feet in front and 235 feet in depth. Alſo, all that meſſuage and tract of Land, partly in Lower Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, and partly in Montgomery county, containing 29 1-2 acres, be the ſame more or leſs.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Donaldſon, Eſq.

JOHN HALL, Marſhal.

Marſhal's Office, March 17, 1800. cot8.

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the late houſe of *Irwin & Bryſon,* of Lexington, Kentucky, are hereby informed, that a dividend of ſuch monies of that firm, as have been received by the ſubſcriber, will be made on the twentieth day of April next, among thoſe creditors who ſhall have before that time furniſhed their accounts properly atteſted to

WILSON HUNT.
Acting aſſignee.

March 15. dt20

On Saturday,

The 22d March, at ſeven o'clock in the evening, will be ſold by Public Auction, at the City Coffee Houſe, the following valuable

REAL ESTATE,—*viz.*

No. 1.

A Three Story Brick Houſe,

WITH extenſive three ſtory back buildings; ſituate in Front below Pine ſtreet. The houſe contains two large rooms on each floor, and is 32 feet 8 inches in front and 52 feet 6 inches deep. The piazza is 19 feet 6 inches in length, and 12 feet 6 inches in width, in which is carried up an elegant ſtair caſe. The back buildings are 50 feet in length, and 23 feet 8 inches in width, and contain on the firſt floor, a parlour, kitchen, pantry and ſtair caſe. The ſecond and third floors are divided into convenient chambers and dreſſing rooms. The lot of ground is 198 feet deep, with the privilege of a court leading into Lombard Street.

No. 2.

A Three Story Brick Houſe,

Adjoining the above, of the dimenſions and plan as the houſe No. 1, except that the back buildings are only 45 feet in depth. The lot is 131 feet 6 inches deep, and has the privilege of a court into Lombard ſtreet.

The above deſcribed houſes are not plaiſtered, but the carpenters' work is nearly finiſhed. Perſons wiſhing to view them previous to the day of ſale, will pleaſe to apply at No. 188, South Front ſtreet, for the keys.

A Lot of Ground,

19 feet 11 inches front, and 37 feet in depth, upon a court leading into Lombard ſtreet.

The purchaſer of the houſe No. 2, will be entitled to this lot.

Plans of the above houſes and lots are to be ſeen at the Coffee Houſe. The conditions as follow, viz. One fourth in 60 days, one fourth in 6 months, one fourth in 12 months, and the remainder in 15 months, with approved ſecurity and intereſt on the three laſt payments.

VALUABLE LOTS

FOR SALE,

At the Coffee Houſe, on Saturday, March 22, at 7 o'clock in the evening,

Seven adjoining LOTS, numbered in the general plan of public city lots, from 2082 to 2088, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Arch ſtreet, at the diſtance of 75 feet weſtward from Delaware, 13th ſtreet, containing in breadth on Arch ſtreet, one hundred and ſeventy-five feet, and in depth fronting upon a 28 feet ſtreet, north and ſouth, one hundred and 37 feet to a 20 feet wide alley.

ALSO,

Seven other Lots;

Diſtinguiſhed in the city plan 2033 to 2061, ſituate on the north ſide of Filbert ſtreet, at the diſtance of 75 feet from the weſt ſide of Delaware, Thirteenth ſtreet; containing in breadth eaſt and weſt on Filbert ſtreet, one hundred and ſeventy-five feet; and in depth, north and ſouth, front upon a 28 feet ſtreet, one hundred and fifty one feet to a 20 feet alley.

The foregoing fourteen lots are bounded northward by Arch ſtreet, weſtward by a 28 feet ſtreet, ſouthward by Filbert ſtreet, and eaſtward by other public city lots, except that the 20 feet alley runs through them as mentioned, parallel with Arch and Filbert ſtreets. To be ſold, and an indiſputable title given, the ſame being late the property of John Nicholſon.

JOHN CONNELLY, *Auctioneer.*

February 15. dtS.

On MONDAY the 24th inſtant at 9 o'clock in the morning, at the dwelling houſe of George Meade, Eſq. on the north ſide of Market ſtreet between Eleventh and Twelfth ſtreets, being the houſe occupied as the Poſt Office during the laſt ſickneſs, and immediately oppoſite to Mr. John Dunlap's,

WILL BE SOLD FOR CASH,

A very extenſive and general aſſortment of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,

Being of the firſt quality and in the higheſt preſervation, conſiſting of almoſt every article in the Houſe keeping line; ſuch as Mahogany Side Boards, Chairs, Dining, Pembroke, Card and other tables; Secretaries' Bureaus, Looking Glaſſes, Beds, Bedſteds, Plate and Plated ware, China Glaſs, Marble Ornaments, Marble Buſts, &c. &c.

ALSO—a complete ſet of mahogany chairs, ſettees, curtains, &c. covered with blue damaſk ſufficient or a large dining room.

The goods may be viewed on the Friday and Saturday preceding the day of ſale, from 9 o'clock in the morning until 2 o'clock in the afternoon: and ſhould the day prove unfavorable, the ſale will be poſtponed until the next fair day.

EDWARD POLE, & Co.
Auctioneers.

March 10. dtf

FOR SALE,
A VALUABLE TRACT OF

LAND,

LYING on the Potomac River, county of Northumberland, ſtate of Virginia; containing about 1400 acres—its ſituation is equal to any other in the Northern Neck, remarkable for every kind of wild fowl, oyſters, fiſh and crab, and none better for health. It is about the ſame diſtance from Baltimore, Alexandria and Norfolk, and not more than one days ſail from either. There are three improved plantations with dwelling houſes, the one known by the name of Exeter Lodge, formerly the reſidence of col. John Gordon, is an elegant two ſtory brick houſe, with four rooms on a floor, and a paſſage ſixteen feet wide.

The other two are commodious and conveniently fitted, with good and ſuitable out houſes, at one of which John Murphy, Eſq. (now of Weſtmoreland county) lived ſeveral years; on this farm there is a good griſt mill, with water ſufficient to turn any number of ſtones; alſo convenient ſtore houſes and granaries on a public road, well ſituated for a country ſtore. On each of thoſe places there are fine apple and peach orchards. The greater proportion of the land is of the firſt quality, and near the half of the whole heavily timbered. The terms may be known by applying to Wm. P. Tebbs Baltimore, Fouſhee G. Tebbs, eſq. of Richmond county, Virginia, or to Thomas Murgatroyd and Sons, Philadelphia.

Feb. 5—14. d.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 20.

Juſtum et tenacem propoſiti virum,
Non civium ardor prava jubentium,
Non vultus inſtantis tyranni,
Mente quatit ſolida.

THE

Moral Diſpenſary.

Ut ſilvæ foliis pronos mutantur in annos,
Prima cadunt; ita verborum vetus interit ætas,
Et juvenum ritu florent modò nata, vigentque.
Debemur morti nos noſtraque.

HOR

New-born words, like vernal leaves, ſpring up and crowd off the old: for they, like us, are ſubject to diſeaſe and death.

HORACE, who, in old time, amuſed himſelf and inſtructed others in moral ſubjects, failed not, like the firſt occupant of an unſettled country, to ſeize and improve the moſt productive ſpots in the wide field of human nature and human things. Among innumerable other things, pleaſant and uſeful, he did not omit to record the frail and mortal nature of the language of his age and country. That of our own is not leſs ſo. In every part, from the ſimple ſounds of which words are compoſed, to the ſublimeſt figures of poetry and oratory, the whole ſyſtem is expoſed to violent diſtortions, mutilations, perverſions, diſlocations, and every other ſpecies of diſorder.

Utility is the primary object of language. Yet, it is not, of neceſſity, a mere drudge or pack-horſe, fit only to tranſport our thoughts, in a clumſy manner, from one perſon to another; but is capable of being improved into a commodious and richly ornamented vehicle, adapted, equally, to the purpoſes of neceſſity and of pleaſure. Yet, ſuch are the fantaſtical ornaments or the groſs deformities beſtowed upon it by the unſkilful, that propriety and elegance ſeem to have been baniſhed or proſcribed by thoſe who would be thought moſt to encourage and promote them.

To treat the ſubject, in its full extent, would far exceed the limits preſcribed to this paper. I ſhall, therefore, for the preſent, confine my remarks to the moſt elementary parts of it: and if I ſucceed in ſhewing the abſurdity of the preſent faſhionable mode of *pronunciation*, I ſhall, by that means, remove the rubbiſh which lies in the way of my future progreſs.

The firſt requiſite, in pronuniation, is *to be underſtood:* and, as words are ſometimes to be addreſſed to the eye as well as to the ear, in order that ſounds, and the characters uſed to denote them, may be ſo mutually aſſociated in the mind as that each may excite the idea of the other, it is requiſite that ſimilar ſounds ſhould, as far as poſſible, be repreſented by the ſame characters. To the attainment of theſe two ends, *uniformity*, both in ſpelling and pronunciation, is indiſpenſibly neceſſary. In ſubordination to theſe, it is the part of wiſdom to ſeek, "to find out *acceptable* words;" ſuch as, by the melody of their ſound, may gratify the ear, at the ſame time that they inform the mind; and, by means of that, may render the ideas, which they convey, the more impreſſive.

So great, however, is the caprice of mankind, and ſo prevalent the rage for novelty, that theſe fundamental maxims are continually ſubject to invaſion and violence. Every friend to the requiſite ſtability of the Engliſh language, as well as every admirer of ſmoothneſs and fluency of ſound, cannot but regret the innovations which have been recently made, and are daily increſiang, in the pronunciation of our words.

The powers of the reſpective letters, which, being originally borrowed from another language, were never perfectly adapted to the ſounds of our own, have, by caprice, become ſo whimſically changed, interchanged and confounded, that the natural ſounds of a large proportion of them, no longer bear the leaſt reſemblance to thoſe which are faſhionably impoſed upon them. What renders the inconvenience the greater, is, the total want of uniformity and conſiſtency in the innovations themſelves. They are not only ſo confined to particular parts of the country as to render the language of one town or one ſtate almoſt unintelligible in another; but, are likewiſe ſo limited to particular words, to the exclution of others of a preciſely ſimilar kind, as totally to baffle every attempt which might be made to accommodate rules to the prevailing pronunciation.

To give an inſtance: It may be proper enough, for aught that I know, to pronounce the words *due, duty, conduce*, and many others of the ſame kind, as though ſpelling with a *j*, *jue, juty, conjuce*, &c. though, methinks, it ſmells too ſtrongly of the revolutionary tricks of the preſent age, thus wantonly to depart from the language of our fathers, and unneceſſarily to ſwell the number of words, already too great, which agree in ſound, while they widely differ in ſpelling and ſignification. But ſurely, conſiſtency ſhould extend the innovation to all words of the ſame claſs; and perſons who pronounce in that manner ſhould ſay *jubious, juke, jukedom*, inſtead of *dubious, duke, dukedom*.

After this hint, probably the love of melody alone, aſide from the conſideration of analogy, will induce thoſe who poſſeſs nicer ears than myſelf, to reject ſuch harſh and uncouth ſounds as *duck, dug, dulness, dudgeon, dutchess* and *dnngeon;* and to adopt, in their ſtead, the ſoft and ſmoothly flowing words *juck, jug, julneſs, judgeon, jutcheſs* and *jungeon*.

The want of uniformity does not ſtop, even here. The ſame perſon, at different times, and under different circumſtances, will pronounce the ſame words in ſo different a manner, that they can ſcarcely be recognized as belonging to the ſame language.

I know a celebrated belle, who, in the act of extorting admiration, from liſtening beaus, and equal envy, from leſs brilliant conſtellations of ſurrounding beauty, will riſe *sh*uperior to every vulgar ſound in the Engliſh language; and pour from her lips ſuch "rills of oily eloquence," as the melo*jus* Apollo himſelf could not *sh*urpaſs. Yet, in the hour of vexation and trouble, when untoward temper has perturbed* her ſpirits. I have heard the ſelf-ſame lady ſcold her maid, in ſuch plain, energetic, old faſhioned, Saxon accents, that the moſt accurately educated Engliſh ſholar might have underſtood every ſyllable that ſhe uttered. Every D, T, S and V, which, before were unjuſtly baniſhed from her language, or ſo cruelly diſtorted and mangled, that their neſt friends could ſcarcely know them, are again reſtored to the ſame rank and honor which they have ſuſtained for centuries.

Let not my fair readers, however, imagine that I aſcribe all this elegance of diction, excluſively, to them. Many a ſmart fellow, of different profeſſions and *different colors*, has attained the excellency in as high perfection as themſelves: and is equally capable of poliſhing the rude dialect of our anceſtors. Indeed, ſome worthy and well-educated gentlemen, paſſeſſed of an accommodating diſpoſition, and fearing

——"that dread laugh,
Which, not e'en the firm philoſopher can ſcorn,"

have been led very conſiderable lengths in the ſame ſpecies of refinement. Encouraged by the imitation of ſuch men, our reformers are rapidly progreſſing in their improvements; and there ſeems good ground to hope that the time is not far diſtant, when a number of our letters, having become uſeleſs and ungenteel, will be expunged from the alphabet. I have little doubt that, with ſuitable encouragement, the preſent number of diſtinct ſounds may be ſo reduced as to render no more than five or ſix characters neceſſary to ſpell every word in the language—and, at the ſame time, the pronunciation of ſo many different words will become exactly the ſame, as wonderfully to oblige many public ſpeakers, by deſtroying the ground of that invidious diſtinction, which certain very wiſe men affect to make, between thoſe who ſpeak to be *heard*, and thoſe that ſpeak to be *underſtood*.

How will it gladden the lovers of muſic to have their ears univerſally greeted with ſuch *sh*uperlatively melo*jus* ſounds, as *sh*uperintend, *sh*uperſtruc-*ch*ure, *sh*upplicate, *sh*unſhine, *sh*ummer, *sh*upper, con*j*uce, con*j*uct, in*j*uſtry, and a thouſand others of a *sh*imilar muſ*ch*ical nac*h*ure! Even the word *dueller*, which has ſo long been a diſgrace to the language, and ſo often excited both contempt and abhorrence in the breaſt of honeſt men, is in a fair way to be dignified to an equal rank with one which has long been uſed to denote an uſeful mechanic: an elevation devoutly to be wiſhed! In the ſame manner, the word *duel* itſelf, long rendered opprobrious by the characters of thoſe with whom it has been connected, will be transformed into a harmleſs and pretty *j*uel.

A few days ſince, a young lady, about nineteen years of age, was ſent, by her parents, to the DISPENSARY, for the purpoſe of being cured of an inveterate *affectation*. The diſorder had riſen to ſuch a height as to render her an object of either diſguſt or pity, to every beholder. It had extended itſelf through her whole ſyſtem, in ſuch a manner, that the features of her face were pitifully diſtorted, and every motion of her body and every ſound of her voice manifeſtly affected.

Finding the diſorder thus deeply rooted, I ſet myſelf, with all convenient expedition to adminiſter a remedy. I prepared a compoſition by means of which I intended, in the firſt place, to purge the brain of a number of falſe ideas of beauty and gracefulneſs, which I perceived to be ſecreted in and about the *pineal gland*. This medicine I ordered her to take at regular intervals, and directed her, while under the operation, to be particularly watchful of her action and words; and to move and ſpeak as little as poſſible, except in my preſence. By theſe applications to her underſtanding, which is naturally remarkably good, I hoped to rectify the taſte and thus, radically, to remove the complaint. But I was near to being entirely fruſtrated in my purpoſe, by a refuſal of the young lady to follow the directions. I urged the neceſſity of compliance, telling her that I could be under no inducement to deceive her, as I expected, for my trouble and expence, no reward but that which flows from the pleaſure of benefitting my patients.

She ſtill, however, declined the medicine; and, with an artificial ſimper in her countenance, accompanied by a ſhrillneſs and liſping in her voice, ſhe replied, "*Indeed*, I thank you *ke-indly*, Doctor, for your generous intentions; but *indeed*, it has ſuch a *wile* taſte, that I can never *wenchure* to take it without knowing the *nachure* and *wirchue* of it: I can't *indeed*, Doctor."

I told her I would readily give her any explanation in my power;—"but, as to *wenchering*, or *wenching*, or whatever you call it, I know not how to underſtand you; and can only aſſure you that the medicine has no improper tendency."

From the earneſtneſs with which I ſpoke, ſhe feared that I had taken affront, and choſe to produce a reconciliation by ſwallowing a doſe without farther delay.

Impatient to know what would be the effect, as ſoon as I thought the operation began, I put into her hand a bible, which lay near me, and requeſted her to read. While engaged in this exerciſe, a farmer of my acquaintance happened to open the door, and my fair patient, directing her eyes towards him, at the ſame inſtant pronounced theſe words from the book: "*ch*urn ye, *ch*urn ye, for why will ye die!"

* It ſhould be per*ch*urbed.

The honeſt countryman, who had never before heard the ſound of *ch* inſtead of *t* in this particular word, entirely miſtook the purport of the exclamation; and, with no little ſurpriſe replied, "I have butter enough at home, and will bring the Doctor as much as he wants, to-morrow: ſo that there will be no occaſion to wait for us to CHURN."

This ſingular adventure contributed very much to accelerate the operation of my medicine; and I was happy to find, that by the next morning, the ſymptoms of the diſorder were ſo much abated as to promiſe a ſpeedy recovery.

SOLOMON SIMPLE, P. M. D.

COMMUNICATION.

THE STATUE OF GOLD.

WHEN the cloven-footed apoſtate Biſhop of Autun was in New York, an American Gentleman, who was on terms of ſome intimacy with him, aſked, What he really thought of the French revolution—and whether France was capable of, and whether he thought he would ſucceed IN ſuſtaining a republican form of government? to which he anſwered, "On my life Sir, I cannot ſay. The metal is in a ſtate of fuſion, but whether it will produce a *Devil* or Statue of Gold is uncertain. Time muſt ſhew.

Query.—Is the new conſtitution, formed by Sieyes, this Statue of Gold?

The Legiſlature of Pennſylvania adjourned on Monday laſt, *ſine die*.

The motion for removing the ſeat of Government to this city, was not taken up after it was laid on the table of the houſe of repreſentatives.

The Government of Jamaica having directed, that all French negroes ſhould be ſent from that iſland, near one thouſand perſons of that deſcription, were embarked the 3d of February, at Kingſton, for Martinique and Trinidad.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, March 18.

The Houſe proceeded to the conſideration of the Reſolution of the Senate, requeſting a conference on the bill relative to exports to New Orleans—and appointed three managers on their part.

Mr. S. Smith, from the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures, to whom was referred the ſeveral petitions of the Library Companies of New-York and Baltimore, and of J. Brown, of Charleſton, S. C. praying the remiſſion of duties on books imported for their uſe: of ſundry muſical inſtrument makers, and Manufacturers of coach-trimmings, &c. praying a duty may be laid on the importation of ſaid articles, equal to a prohibition—made report, that it would be inexpedient to grant the prayer of the ſaid petitions, and that they reſpectively have leave to withdraw the ſame.

In this report the Houſe concurred.

Mr. S. from the Committee to whom was referred a reſolution to enquire whether any and what further credit ought to be given on articles of produce imported into the United States from the Weſt Indies, reported, that it would be inexpedient, at the preſent time, to extend the terms of credit given by law, on ſaid articles.

Read and concurred in.

Mr. Otis, from the Committee of Defence, reported a bill for the regulation of public arſenals and magazines; which was read a firſt and ſecond time, and committed for Thurſday.

Mr. Parker moved that the unfiniſhed buſineſs be poſtponed for the purpoſe of taking up the reſolution which he yeſterday laid on the table, relative to the Captain, Officers, and Crew of the United States, frigate Conſtellation; when

Mr. Nicholſon ſaid he wiſhed it might not be taken into conſideration until ſome official information was received upon the ſubject from the Secretary of the Navy, upon which reſolutions could be grounded. In his opinion, the reſolution of the hon. gentleman did not go far enough. It had been ſaid, that a young officer had voluntarily loſt his life, rather than ſhrink from his duty, which he thought ought to be noticed—and was in favor of giving his approbation of the conduct of the officers and crew, in more general terms than the reſolution on the table contemplated.

After ſome obſervations from Meſſrs. Champlin and Harper, who were of the ſame opinion,

Mr. Parker ſaid, he did not ſuppoſe a doubt could exiſt upon this ſubject, ſufficient to require any further information than had been received through the medium of the newſpapers. He had ſeen a letter in the poſſeſſion of the Secretary of the Navy, from Capt. Baker, of the Delaware, who had every opportuuity of knowing the ſituation of the enemy's frigate, was in the ſame harbour, and in the ſame baſon, and being a nautical man, was of courſe able to give a correct opinion of her then ſituation, and the evident marks of the bravery of her antagoniſt with whom ſhe contended—this was ſufficient to ſatisfy his mind.

If, ſaid Mr. P. gentlemen think the reſolution does not go far enough, there is no one who will more cheerfully concur in offering other teſtimonies of approbation than myſelf. With reſpect to the young officer,* whoſe gallantry and good conduct had been ſo highly ſpoken of, it was his intention to have brought forward a reſolution, for ſetting up his Buſt in a Nich of the capitol of the city of Waſhington.

* Son of Mr. James Jarvis, of New-York, and midſhipman on board the Conſtellation in the engagement of the 1ſt Feb. who was killed by the falling of the maſt.

Mr. P. concluded with obſerving, that he had no objections to the call for information on the Secretary of the Navy, and would therefore withdraw his motion.

The bill to enable the Preſident to borrow money for the public ſervice, was ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

The houſe, in committee of the whole, reſumed the conſideration of the amendatory patent law, when Mr. Griſwold withdrew his motion to ſtrike out the firſt ſection, upon Mr. Harper's offering an amendment which obviated his objections, and the bill was agreed to as amended, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

A meſſage was received from the Preſident of the United States by his Secretary, Mr. Shaw, informing the Houſe that the Preſident did yeſterday approve and ſign the act intitled "act declaring the aſſent of Congreſs to certain acts of the ſtates of Maryland, and Georgia."

Mr. Parker moved that the Houſe come to the following reſolution, viz.

Reſolved, That the Secretary of the Navy be requeſted to lay before this Houſe, any information he may poſſeſs reſpecting the engagement which lately took place in the Weſt Indies, between the United States frigate Conſtellation, and a French ſhip of war—*and alſo reſpecting the conduct of James Jarvis, a midſhipman on board the ſaid frigate.*

Mr. S. Smith moved, to ſtrike out the words in Italic, which created conſiderable debate; when Mr. Bird propoſed to inſert in lieu thereof, the following words,—"*and alſo upon the conduct of any officer or other perſon on board ſaid frigate, who may have particularly ſignalized themſelves in the ſaid action;*" which Mr. B. ſuppoſed would meet the intention of the mover, and be leſs liable to objection than the words propoſed to be ſtricken out.

Mr. Parker having conſented to the modification, the reſolution was agreed to.

Mr. S. Smith obtained leave for Robert and Walter Colquohn, to withdraw their petition, which had been referred to the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures.

A committee was appointed to bring in a bill in purſuance of the reſolution authoriſing a diviſion of the North Weſtern territory.

The houſe went into a committee of the whole on the bill ſupplemental to the act intituled an act for an amicable ſettlement of limits of the State of Georgia, and for authoriſing the eſtabliſhment of a Government in the Miſſiſippi territory—when

Mr. Claiborne moved two additional ſections to the bill, one of which abrogates the power of the Governor of that Territory, to prorogue the Legiſlature at his pleaſure,—upou which a very long debate took place.

Both reſolutions were finally agreed to, 52 members voting in favour of each of them; the committee roſe, and upon the queſtion, will the houſe concur in the report of the committee in their agreement to ſaid additional ſections, it paſſed in the affirmative.

Yeas 54—Nays 37.

The bill was ordered to be engroſſed, and read a third time to-morrow.

Mr. D. Foſter, from the committee of claims, made a report on the petition of Amy Darwin. This petition renews the old claim for payment to be made for the horſe Romulus. The report contains a particular ſtatement of facts, and agreeably to the former report and deciſion of the houſe, is againſt the claim of the petitioner.

The report was referred to a committee of the whole houſe, and made the order of the day for to-morrow.

Adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, March 19.

Leave of abſence for two weeks, was aſked and obtained for Mr. Bayard.

The bill entituled "an act ſupplementary to the act, entituled an act for an amicable ſettlement of the limits of the State of Georgia, and authoriſing the eſtabliſhment of a government in the Miſſiſippi territory," and the bill entituled "an act to extend the privilege of obtaining patents for uſeful diſcoveries and inventions to certain perſons therein mentioned, and to enlarge and define the penalties for violating the privileges of patents," were reſpectively read a third time and paſſed.

The bill entituled "an act to enable the Preſident of the United States to borrow money for the public ſervice," was read a third time, and upon the queſtion, ſhall this bill paſs? it was carried.

Ayes 52—Noes 39.

Mr. D. Foſter, from the Committee of Claims, made a report on the petition of John Anders and Bridget his wife, who prayed for the payment of a ſum of old continental bills iſſued during the revolutionary war. The report was againſt the petition and was agreed to by the houſe.

Mr. Champlin preſented a petition of Godfrey Wendel, praying compenſation for damages ſuſtained during the revolutionary war, which was read and referred to the committee of the whole houſe, to whom was referred the report of the Committee of Claims, on the petition of Thomas Frothingham and others.

Mr. S Smith from the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures, reported a bill for the relief of John Collet, which was read a firſt and ſecond time, and ordered to be engroſſed for a third reading to-morrow.

Mr. Otis, from the Committee of Defence, reported a bill for eſtabliſhing a military academy, and for the better organizing a corps of artilleriſts and engineers, which was a read a firſt time—whereupon

Mr. Macon moved, that the bill be rejected; after conſiderable debate, the queſtion was loſt; ayes 42, noes 49. The bill was then read a 2d time, committed to a committee of the whole houſe, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Griſwold preſented a memorial of the ſelect and common councils of the city of Philadelphia, ſtating that the plague raged to an alarming degree in the Barbary ſtates, and that from the enterpriſing ſpirit of our citizens engaged in commerce, it might be introduced into this country; and that as the partial laws of the ſtate could not be ſufficient to guard againſt it, pray that Congreſs would take the ſubject into their ſerious conſideration, atd make ſome general proviſions, that ſhall place the citizens in a better ſtate of ſecurity from ſo great a calamity.

Referred to the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures.

Mr. Gregg preſented a memorial of Oliver Poltock, which was read and referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Griſwold obſerved, that ſo much had been ſaid in the public papers, relative to the increaſe of the public debt, calculated to miſlead the citizens of the United States, that he conceived an inveſtigation ought to take place, and would therefore move the following reſolution, viz.

Reſolved, That a committee be appointed to examine the accounts of the United States relating to the public debt, and to report whether the ſame has been increaſed or diminiſhed ſince the eſtabliſhment of the preſent conſtitution.

Ordered to lie on the table.

The houſe went into committee of the whole on the report of the committee of claims, on the petition of the corporation of Rhode Iſland; and the reſolution reported by the committee authoriſing compenſation for damages ſuſtained during the occupation of that edifice by the American troops, was agreed to, after ſome debate, ayes 51, and the Committee of Claims inſtructed to bring in a bill purſuant thereto.

Adjourned.

On Tueſday, in the Senate, the firſt part of the 1ſt reſolution of the Committee of Privileges, which declares the publication contained in the Aurora, "falſe, ſcandalous and malicious," was agreed to. Yeas 20, Nays 8.

Yeſterday a letter was received from the Hon Mr. Watſon, (Senator from the ſtate of New-York) announcing his reſignation of his ſeat in that body; whereupon, Reſolved, That the Preſident of the Senate inform the executive of the ſtate of New-York of the ſaid reſignation.

Gazette Marine Liſt.

Port of Philadelphia.

ARRIVED,

		Days
Schr. Fanny, Eve,	St. Thomas	22
Sarah, Salter,	N. Carolina	11
Sloop Jane, Shaw,	Portſwouth, (N. H.)	

The following outward bound veſſels lay at Reedy Iſland the 17th.

Ship Planter, Jacobs, for	Amſterdam
Amity, M'Levan,	Cork
Lovina, Stephenſon,	Londonderry
Pacific, Salter,	Madeira
Alexander, Davy, ——,	
Brig Hetty, Vaneman,	St Thomas
F. Hebe, Brewton,	Amſterdam
Expreſs, Williams,	Antique
Flora, Creſwell,	C. Francois
Schr. Fancy, Winſlow,	Naſſau
Suſannah, Johnſton,	St. Thomas
Experiment, Oakford,	Curracoa
Kitty, Gemmeny,	N. Carolina

No inward bound veſſels were yeſterday in ſight between Reedy point and Philadelphia.

United States ſchr. Enterprize, Shaw, for St. Domingo, left N. Caſtle yeſterday.

Capt. Andrews, of the brig Betſey, ſailed from Bay of Honduras, 18th Feb.—On the 9th March, in lat. 32, 30, N. long. 78, 00, W. ſpoke the brig ——, late Duncan, maſter, who had fallen overboard and was drowned, from Kingſton to N. York.

NEW THEATRE.

To-morrow evening, March 21,
Will be preſented, a celebrated Tragedy, called
VENICE PRESERV'D;
Or, The Plot Diſcover'd.
Pierre, Mr. Cooper.
His firſt appearance here theſe two years.
To which will be added, a Comic Opera, (not acted this ſeaſon) in two acts, called
THE FARMER.
With the original Overture and Accompaniments.

Box. one Dollar, Pit, three quarters of a dollar, and Gallery half a dollar.

☞ The doors of the Theatre will open at a quarter paſt 5, and the curtain riſe at a quarter paſt ſix.

☞ On Monday, (not acted theſe four years) the much admired Comedy, of THE WHEEL OF FORTUNE.

TO BE LET,

And poſeeſſion given on the 1st of April,
PART OF A
COUNTRY HOUSE,

IN an airy and very agreeable ſituation near the Ridge road, within two miles of the city, conſiſting of a handſome parlour, two large bed chambers, aga-ge ceiled garret a commodious kitchen, pantry, oven and milk houſe; and a pump of excellent water at the kitchen door; alſo a Garden well ſtocked with fruit and a few acres of graſs ground with convenient ſtabling, chair houſe, &c. Its vicinity to the city makes it an eligible retreat for the family of any perſon whoſe avocations require daily attention. For further particulars enquire of the ſubſcriber No. 205, Arch ſtreet, the ſecond door below ſixth ſtreet, north ſide.

ROBERT T. EVANS.

March 19. 3td.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

March 6, 1800.

PROPOSALS

WILL be received at this Office until the seventh day of April next for cutting out cloathing for the Army of the United States.—The propofals muft fpecify the price required for cutting out each of the feveral articles, to wit, Horfeman's cloaks, regimental coats, veſts and overalls.

PROPOSALS will alſo be received until the ſeventh day of April next for the delivery of five thouſand hats and twenty thouſand ſhirts. The hats to be made of good wool to be well manufactured, full cocked, bound with narrow black binding, the fan or hind part eight inches broad, ſides and corners ſix inches broad.—The ſhirts to be of linen equal in quality with the pattern article, and to be as well made as the ſaid pattern.

One half of the hats and ſhirts to be delivered on or before the firſt day of June next, and the remainder on or before the firſt day of July next.

Patterns of the ſeveral articles may be ſeen at the Military Stores kept by John Harris, on the wharf between Arch and Race ſtreets.

Security will be required.

JAMES Mc. HENRY,
Secretary of War.

March 7. dt5A.

WATER-OFFICE.

Centre Square, Febeuary 5, 1800.

IN compliance with the inſtructions of the Committee for watering the city, and with my own inclinations, every poſſible admittance and information has been given to thoſe citizens who have viſited the Works during their progreſs. The Engines are now arrived, and are immediately to be put up, and it is hoped that it will be thought reaſonable and juſt, both to the Public, and to the Contractor for the Engines, that the workmen ſhould not be interrupted. As a very few months will fully gratify the curioſity of the citizens, by ſhewing them the Engines in full operation, a temporary excluſion of all viſitors from the Engine houſes cannot appear improper.

B. H. LATROBE, *Engineer*.

February 13. dtf.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND,

About four miles from the city,

CONTAINING ABOUT

21 Acres, ſituate on the river Schuylkill, and adjoining lands of Jonathan Williams, Eſq. and the late John Mifflin, deceaſed, on which is erected a ſmall ſtone building, frame ſtables, and ſtone ſpring houſe, over a never failing ſpring; on the premiſes is an excellent ſtone quarry, and has a ſmall orchard of young fruit trees, and is an elegant ſituation for a gentleman's ſummer retreat. Prize Tickets of Canal Lottery No. 2, and liquidated debts of the D. and Schuylkill Canal Company, will be taken in payment.

For further particulars enquire of the printer hereof.

March 5. ¶eo2w

WILL BE EXPOSED TO SALE,
(At Public Vendue)
On Second Day, the 24th of this Inſtant,
ON THE PREMISES,

SEVERAL LOTS OF LAND,

PLEASANTLY ſituated on the main road leading from Philadelphia to New York, in Lower Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, between the 10 and 11 mile ſtones, containing from one to five acres each; one other Lot, containing about thirty acres, lying on the road leading from ſaid road to Buſtleton; there are on ſaid lot a good ſtone dwelling houſe, a good apple orchard, about ſix acres of well timbered land, the remainder cleared and in a good ſtate of cultivation.

For further particulars, enquire of the owner, on the premiſes.

JONATHAN PAUL.

3d month, 13th. ¶8t

Eighty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, at Newtown, Cheſter Ferry, Queen Anne's county, ſtate of Maryland, the following negroes, viz. a woman named Nanny, went away on the 23d January, 1799, and took with her a Mulatto female child, about two years old, named Arianna. Nanny is a dark yellow negro, about five feet four or five inches high, remarkably handſome for a negro. Her cloathing unknown as ſhe took a variety of good cloaths with her—ſhe went off with a negro fellow, named Peter, and calls himſelf Peter Simpſon, he is the property of a certain William Bowers of Talbot county, ſtate as above, who has advertiſed one hundred dollars reward for him. Peter is a ſtout well made yellow fellow, about 6 feet one inch high, is a tolerable good Carpenter. Nanny paſſes for his wife, but her real huſband is named Bob, who belongs to her maſter. It is probable they are in the neighbourhood of Salem in the Jerſies, as they were there in October laſt, and by information, Peter had built himſelf an houſe to live in, between Rum Bridge and Gold Town; it is likely they may have changed their names and may have paſſes, as Peter can write a middling hand; it is probable Nanny has another child, as it was thought ſhe was in a pregnant ſtate when ſhe went away.

The noted Ferry man Charles, who calls himſelf Charles Rodney; he went off on the 18th of February laſt, he is a dark mulatto, about five feet eight or nine inches high, about forty years old, ſtoops in his ſhoulders when he walks, a ſcar on his head very perceivable—he took with him a ſmall bay mare about 4 or 5 years years old, her mane trimmed and bob tail'd; his cloathing unknown, as he carried off a variety of cloaths; it is probable he has changed his name, as he is a very artful, ſenſible fellow, he can read tolerably well; it is likely he may hire himſelf to drive a wrggon, being well acquainted with that buſineſs, driving for the army during the war; he alſo perhaps may have a paſs.

The above reward will be given for the aforeſaid two negroes, viz. Nanny and Charles, if taken out of the ſtate, or twenty dollars for Nanny and child, if taken in this ſtate, & 20 do. Charles if taken in this ſtate and ſecured in jail, ſo as I may get them again. If brought home all reaſonable charges ſhall be paid by me.

JOHN QUIMBY.

March 3. w&ſa4w.

FOR SALE.

For the accommodation of the Farmers of Springfield, and all other perſons who are inclined to purchaſe, the ſubſcriber is diſpoſed

TO SELL

A MOST VALUABLE

TRACT OF LAND,

LYING in Springfield townſhip, Burlington county, and State of New Jerſey, being a part of that capital property well known by the name of

Bullus's Eſtate,

containing two hundred and ten acres, of which twenty-ſeven are excellent ſwamp wood land, upwards of ninety acres are as good meadow as any in the county, and the reſidue is fine upland; there are three public roads that run through the land. The ſubſcriber will attend at the houſe of Mr. John Tonkins in Springfield, until the firſt day of April next, in order to ſhew the land and receive propoſals either for lots or the whole, as may ſuit purchaſers.

JOHN MOORE.

March 17. ¶10ſt.

FOR DISPOSAL,
The Time
Of two Dutch indented Servants,
(a man and his wife)

Who have two years and eight months to ſerve.

For further particulars enquire of
JOHN REDINGER,
No. 110 Race ſtreet.

February 28 dtf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

About 25 acres of Land,

LAYING on the eaſt ſide of the Falls Road.—On the Eaſt it is bounded by property belonging to Mr. Tench Francis, ſen.—on the ſouth, by a road of two perches, and on the north by a lane, which ſeparates it from Mr. M'Call. It is propoſed to divide this land into 3 equal parts in order to ſuit the purchaſers.

Alſo, 31 acres, ſituated on the weſt ſide of Germantown road, adjoining Maſters's eſtate, being part of the property of the late Samuel Mifflin.

For terms apply to Samuel Mifflin, corner of Market and 11th ſtreets.

January 24. dtf

A SEASONABLE ARTICLE.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE
By WILLIAM Y. BIRCH,
STATIONER,
No. 17 South Second Street,

HAMILTON's ELIXIR,

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY

For Colds, obſtinate Coughs, Catarrhs, Aſthmas, Sore-throats, and approaching Conſumptions.

THOUSANDS are too well acquainted with the nature and effects of empirical medicines daily offered for the cure of the above complaints; dear bought experience has taught them that oily and heating medicines joined with ſtrong opiates (or ſleepy drugs) repeated doſes of which, flatter and deceive the patient for the preſent, by procuring momentary eaſe; experience, I ſay, has taught thouſands that the common opiates and balſams, as they are called, finally aggravate every diſorder of the breaſt and lungs in their moſt diſtreſſing ſymptoms; that they load the ſtomach and impair the digeſtion, inflame the whole ſyſtem, increaſe the difficulty of breathing, and excite fever.—But the qualities of this valuable diſcovery are evinced by perfectly oppoſite effects. A SINGLE TRIAL WILL PROVE that it reſtores the determination of the fluids to the ſurface of the body, and brings on the common, healthful perſpiration; that it diſlodges and evacuates the tough, viſcid phlegm, or mucus, ſtrengthens the weakened veſſels of the lungs, ſheathes the acrimonious humours which irritate the lungs, and finally diſcharges them. Thus ſtriking at the root of the diſorder, the ſymptoms are of courſe, effectually and permanently conquered, the reverſe of common medicines, which weaken the conſtitution and give ſtrength to the diſorder, for the ſake of moderating for the preſent, ſome of its painful effects.

TO PARENTS

Who may have Children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH.

This diſcovery is of the firſt magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progreſs, and in a ſhort time entirely removes the moſt cruel diſorder to which children are liable; the Elixir is ſo perfectly agreeable and the doſe ſo ſmall, that no difficulty ariſes in taking it.

Dr. HAMILTON's

Genuine Eſſence and Extract of MUSTARD.

For Rheumatiſms, Gout, Palſey, Sprains, &c. a great number of atteſted cures may be ſeen at the place of ſale. Dr. Hamilton's Grand Reſtorative for conſtitutions debilitated by intemperance of any kind; and for the cure of Nervous Complaints, Inward Weakneſs, Obſtinate Gleets, Fluor Albus in women, &c.

Hamilton's juſtly celebrated Worm Lozenges, the infallible Itch Ointment, Dr. Leroux's Indian Vegetable Specific for Venereal Complaints, Ague and Fever Drops which had never failed effecting a cure, Dr. Hahn's Antibilious Pill, ditto Corn Plaiſter, the Perſian Lotion for the face and ſkin, Gowland's Lotion, Church's Cough Drops, Anderſon's Pills

THE DAMASK LIP SALVE

Is recommended (particularly to the Ladies) as an elegant and pleaſant preparation for chopped and ſore lips, and every blemiſh and inconvenience occaſioned by colds, fevers, &c. ſpeedily reſtoring a beautiful roſy colour and delicate ſoftneſs to the lips.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER

FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and ſtrengthens the gums, preſerves the enamel from decay, and cleanſes and whitens the teeth, abſorbing all that acrimonious ſlime and foulneſs, which ſuffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

☞ Thoſe who wiſh to procure the medicines genuine, muſt apply ONLY as above.

Wholeſale purchaſers will receive a liberal allowance by application to LEE & Co. Baltimore, who have obtained the general agency for the United States.

Feb. 26. eo1w 2awtf.

NICKLIN AND GRIFFITH

HAVE FOR SALE

ſmall cheſts of Ginghams,	on board the ſhip Neſtor, in the river from Liverpool
4 ditto of colored Muſlinets,	
4 bales of St. Fernando Serges,	
4 ditto of Camblets,	
10 ditto of colored and white Caſſimeres,	
14 trunks of printed Callicoes,	

The above are in ſmall aſſorted packages calculated either for the Weſt India or home trade.

30 tons Lead, in pigs,
8 tons of dry White Lead in hhds.
17 caſks of fine dry Yellow Paint,
6 ditto of Mineral Black,
1 ditto of ditto White,
10 ditto of Colcothar,
3 ditto of Purple Brown,
10 caſes Engliſh China Ware in ſetts,
36 caſks of Nails aſſorted,
300 barrels pickled Salmon,
80 half ditto ditto,
80 barrels Herrings,
20 ditto Shad,
10 ditto Mackarel,
7 caſks of Porter in bottles,
20 puncheons Rum,
190 pipes of Brandy, 4th proof,
15 pipes old Madeira Wine,
27 quarter cheſts Young Hyſon Tea,
13 boxes of Imperial ditto,
Engliſh Gunpowder, HF
Forged Copper Nails and Bolts,
Sail Canvaſs,
Empty Wine Bottles,
Cork in ſheets,
Green Coffee in hhds.

February 13. mw&f

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE OWNERS

OF Unſeated Lands in Weſtmoreland county, Pennſylvania, are hereby notified, that unleſs the Taxes due on ſaid lands for 1798, are paid into the hands of *John Brandon, Eſq.* treaſurer of ſaid county, on or before the 20th of April next, they will be advertiſed for ſale, as the law directs

JAMES M'GREW,
HENRY ALLSHOUSE,
JEREMIAH MURRY,
} *Comm'rs.*

January 18. d3m

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Purſuant to the act of Congreſs paſſed on the 1ſt day of June, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Brethren for propagating the goſpel among the Heathen;" and the act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after deſcribed, namely, "beginning at the North Weſt corner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and running thence fifty miles due ſouth, along the weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence due Weſt to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the ſaid river to the place where the Indian boundary line croſſes the ſame;—thence along the ſaid boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the ſaid river, to the point where a line run due weſt from the place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; thence along the line ſo run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned.

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode dreſcribed by the act firſt recited.

IV.

The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally, or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the firſt day of January, 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January, 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treaſury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

May 29th, 1799.

THE propietors of certificates iſſued for ſubſcriptions to the Loan bearing intereſt at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment ſhall have been made of the 5th inſtalment, which will become due during the firſt ten days of the month of July enſuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treaſury or Loan Offices, reſpectively, for the amount of the four firſt inſtalments, or one moiety of the ſums expreſſed in the ſubſcription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be iſſued for leſs than one hundred dollars.

Such ſubſcription certificates as may be preſented at the Treaſury or Loan Offices in conſequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be indorſed and diſtinctly marked ſo as to denote, that a moety of the ſtock has been iſſued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury.

LAW BOOK STORE,

319 *High Street.*

GEORGE DAVIS has juſt received from Dublin, via New York, a very large Parcel of Law Books, all of the lateſt editions, which renders his aſſortment he believes the moſt extenſive and valuable on the continent. They will be opened this day, and ready for ſale at any time afterwards.

The ſubſcribers to that important work, *Wentworth's Syſtem of Pleading*, are informed that it is now arrived, and will be delivered on application.

Blank Declarations ſettled and approved by the moſt diſtinguiſhed Law characters, to be had of G. D.

March 11, 1taw4w

A NEW

MUSICAL REPOSITORY

IS NOW OPENED

At CHALK's Circulating Library,
No. 75 North Third Street,

WHERE may be had, *all the Faſhionable Muſic* compoſing the ſongs &c. lately ſold at the Repoſitory in South Second Street. To which, in a few days, will be added, ſome PIANO FORTES of a very ſuperior tone and quality, Flutes, Fifes, Violins, beſt Roman Violin Strings, and every other article in the muſical line, which will be ſold in prime order, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

Subſcriptions received for the *Muſical Journal* for the Piano Forte, and the Flute or Violin, the firſt ſix numbers of which are already publiſhed, and may be purchaſed together or ſeparately by non-ſubſcribers.

March 6, 1800.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Mathew Irwin did on the 8th day of July 1797 make an aſſignment of his eſtate and effects, to us the ſubſcribers, for the benefit of ſuch of his creditors, as ſhould on or before the 20th of September, 1797, execute to him a full and final diſcharge—Now thoſe of his creditors who are entitled to a dividend under ſaid aſſignment, are requeſted to furniſh their accounts to Samuel Meeker, with intereſt calculated up to the 8th day of July, 1797, as a dividend will abſolutely be ſtruck on the firſt day of April next, and thoſe who neglect to comply with this notice will thereafter be excluded from the benefit of the ſame.

Philip Nicklin
Samuel Meeker
Nath'l Lewis, by his Ads.
Pearſon Hunt
John M. Taylor
} Aſſignees.

Philadelphia, March 14 m&th.tf

NOTICE.

THE Partnerſhip of *JOHN HAINES & WILLIAM JONES*, trading under the firm of HAINES & JONES, was by mutual agreement diſſolved on the 24th of January laſt. All perſons intereſted, eſpecially thoſe indebted to them, will pleaſe to call as early as poſſible on *William Jones*, who is duly authoriſed to adjuſt their concerns.

JOHN HAINES.
WILLIAM JONES.

The buſineſs will in future be conducted by *William Jones*, at the former ſtand No 132 Market ſtreet, 2d door above 4th, where he has on hand and means to keep a regular ſupply of the beſt and moſt faſhionable ſaddles and bridles. Plated ſaddlery and ſilver mounted whips. Harneſs of all kinds and fire buckets together with a general aſſortment of every other article uſually attached to that line of buſineſs.

March 11 3taw3w

THE FOLLOWING

VALUABLE LANDS

Will be offered for ſale, at the Merchants Coffee Houſe in this city, between the hours of ſix and eight on the evening of SATURDAY the twenty-ſecond of March next.

In the County of GLYNN and State of GEORGIA—all patented in tracts of 1000 acres.

7,000 Acres at the confluence of Frederica and Turtle rivers, and head of St. Simon's ſound, near the town of Brunſwick.
282,000 Acres on the waters of the great and little Satilla rivers, and of Buffaloe creek.
41,000 Near the above deſcribed tracts.
25,000 Near the above deſcribed tracts.
280,000 Acres on the waters of the great Satilla and Alatahama.
247,000 Acres on the ſame waters.
50,000 Acres on the waters of the great Satilla.
50,000 Acres on the waters of little Satilla and Alatamaha rivers and Buffaloe creek.
60,000 Near the above deſcribed tracts.

In the State of VIRGINIA—all patented.

44,000 Acres in the county of Bath, on both ſides of Green Briar river, ſubject to to 3000 acres of prior ſurveys, included within the ſaid 44,000 acres, but excluſive of that quantity.
41,000 Acres in the county of Bath, on the eaſt ſide of the Cow Paſture river and and on both ſides of the Waggon Road leading from the Warm Springs to Staunton, ſubject as aforeſaid to 5000 acres prior ſurveys
46,000 Acres in the county of Randolph, on Buchanan river, ſubject as aforeſaid to 4588 acres prior ſurveys.
30,000 Acres in the county of Bath, on the eaſt ſide of Calf Paſture river, ſubject aforeſaid to 5000 acres prior ſurveys.

In PENNSYLVANIA.

60,000 Acres in Northumberland county, ſurveyed and returned.
46,800 Acres in Northumberland county, ſurveyed and returned.
40,400 Acres in Bedford county, ſurveyed and ready to be returned

§ For the greater part of the purchaſe money a liberal credit will be allowed the purchaſers, giving unqueſtionable ſecurity.

Perſons wiſhing particular information will pleaſe to apply at No. 41 Arch ſtreet, where the patents and draſts, and alſo certificates of the quality of the Georgia and Virginia Lands are depoſited

THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
BENJAMIN R. MORGAN,
JEREMIAH PARKER.

☞ Alſo, at the ſame time and place, 40473 acres and one-third of an acre in Maſon county, in the State of Kentucky, on the North Fork, within four miles of its junction with the Middle Fork of Kentucky river—this tract was ſurveyed in the year 1784: a draft of it may be ſeen by applying as above directed.

Philadelphia, Jan. 7. 2awtS

Faſhionable Millinery.

ELIZA M'DOUGALL,

NO. 134, MARKET-STREET,

HAS juſt received per ſhip Thomas Chalkley and Adriana, from London, an elegant aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable MILLINERY, viz.

Chemille roſette FEATHERS
Fancy flowers
Black tiffany flowers
Wreaths
Pink, yellow and blue crape, full dreſs caps
Do. do. and do. Nelſon's bonnets
Infant's pipe ſtraw bonnets
Maid's fancy do. do.
Women's do. do. do.
Do. do. ſhades
Do do hats
Fancy bugle ſhoe roſes
Do. do. trimmings
Black, white, blue, yellow, pink and orange crape
Black, white and green gauze veils
Do. gauze cloaks.

N. B. And per Harmony, juſt arrived, a further aſſortment of Millinery.

June 26 eotf.

JUST RECEIVED,
From the BOSTON Manufactory,
A QUANTITY OF

WINDOW GLASS,

Of different sizes,
FOR SALE
By ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

N. B. Any ſize or ſizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from ſaid manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpoſe——Apply at No. 9, South Water-ſtreet, as above.

july 8 dtf

NOTICE.

A CERTIFICATE of one Share of the Bank of the United States, No. 29120, in the name of Lewis Peter Quirtyn, and a Certificate of two Shares of the ſaid Bank, No 29119, in the name of George James Cholmondely, Earl of Cholmondely, were forwarded from New-York by the Cheſterfield, Britiſh Packet for Falmouth, which was captured by the French, and the Certificates loſt or deſtroyed, and for which application is made at ſaid Bank for the renewal thereof, of which all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

February 21. d3m.

FOR SALE

Or to be exchanged for a good Veſſel,

AN elegant new two ſtory FRAME HOUSE, twenty ſeven feet front by thirty-four in depth, with a commodious piazza and kitchen, together with a coach houſe and ſtable, ſituate in the flouriſhing village of Frankford. The houſe, which may be entered the firſt of June next, will be finiſhed in the neateſt ſtile with many conveniences, and will be well adapted to a large genteel family who may wiſh to reſide in the country during the ſummer ſeaſon. In exchange, it will be valued low, if a veſſel offer that may be ſuitable.

Further particulars will be made known by application to

MOORE WHARTON.

February 24. dtf.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH,
OR EXCHANGED,
For property in the City, or within thirty miles of it,

A PLANTATION or tract of Land in Mifflin County and State of Pennſylvania, within ſix miles of the river Juniata, containing about 300 acres. There are about fifty acres cleared, part of which is a rich bottom, watered by a conſtant ſtream that is ſtrong enough to work an oil or a griſt mill. Any perſon inclining to deal for it, may obtain further information by applying at the office of this gazette.

N. B. If ſold, credit will be given for part of the money.

October 17, 1799. dtf.

CAUTION.

THE Public are cautioned againſt receiving the Subſcribers Note in favor of, and indorſed by Thomas W. Francis, dated yeſterday, at 60 days after date for eight hundred dollars. The note is in the hand writing of the Subſcriber, and at the bottom a memorandum by the indorſer, to the credit of the drawer, Thomas W. Francis. This note together with a contract between Charles Williamſon, and Charles Hale for lands in townſhip, No. 4, in the 5th range of Struder county, ſtate of New Jerſey, and ſundry other papers contained in a Pocket Book, were taken from the Subſcribers deſk laſt evening. As the above can be of no uſe to the perſon who has carried them off, ſhould they be returned, no queſtions ſhall be aſked.

SAMUEL MIFFLIN.

February 6. dtf.

NOTICE.

To all perſons who own unſeated Lands in Franklin County, State of Pennſylvania:

THAT they come forward and pay their reſpective Taxes, (as there is a number of years now due) to PATRICK CAMPBELL, Eſq. Treaſurer for ſaid County—If they do not, we will be obliged to proceed to make ſale of them agreeably to law.

JAMES IRVIN,
JOHN HALLIDAY,
NATHAN M'DOWEL,
} Com'rs.

Commiſsioner's office, Chambersburgh, Jan. 1, 1800. } 1aw3m.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on Saturday evening the 13th July inſtant, from Colebrook Furnace, Lancaſter county, a Negro Man named *Cato*, he is about 40 years of age, five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, tolerable black, with a down ill look, ſquints, he is a cunning artful fellow, a great liar, and very fond of ſtrong liquor, has been brought up to the farming buſineſs, is very handy at any kind of laboring work; he took with him a number of clothing, amongſt which were, one ſuit plain Nankeen; (ſome money). It is expected he has ſhaped his courſe for Philadelphia or New York.

† The above reward will be paid for ſecuring him in any gaol in the United States, with reaſonable charges if brought home.

SAMUEL JACOBS.

Colebrook Furnace, July 16, 1799:

(O18) d6m

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